REDACTED

1	EVELLE J. YOUNGER, Attorney General STEVEN M. KAHN,		
2	Deputy Attorney General 800 Tishman Building		
3	3580 Wilshire Boulevard Los Angeles, California 90010 Telephone: (213) 736-2047		
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5	Attorneys for Complainant		
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8	BEFORE THE DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY		
9	BOARD OF MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE		
10	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS		
11	STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
12			
13	In the Matter of the Accusation)		
14	Against: JEROME J. LUBIN, M.D., STIPULATION,		
15	Respondent.) DECISION,		
16)		
17	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED by the parties to the above		
18	entitled matter that the following is true:		
19	1. Respondent Jerome J. Lubin, M.D. (hereinafter		
20	"respondent") was heretofore issued a physician's and surgeon's		
21	certificate under the laws of the State of California, and that		
22	at all times herein mentioned, said certificate was, and now is		
23	in full force and effect.		
24	2. On or about June 6, 1977, an accusation bearing		
25	number D-2019 was filed by Joseph P. Cosentino, M.D., acting		
26	executive director of the Board of Medical Quality Assurance of		
27	the State of California, in his official capacity as such.		

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Said accusation listed causes for disciplinary action against respondent, and said accusation is incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth at this point. Said respondent was duly and properly served with accusation number D-2019 by certified mail and said respondent filed a timely notice of defense requesting a hearing on the charges contained in the accusation.

- Respondent has retained as his counsel Brian H. Burke, Esq., of the law offices of Westwick and Collison. Respondent has fully discussed with his counsel the charges and allegations of violations of the California Business and Professions Code alleged in accusation number D-2019 and has been fully advised of his rights under the Administrative Procedure Act of the State of California, including his rights to a formal hearing and opportunity to defend against the charges contained therein, and reconsideration and appeal of any adverse decision that might be rendered following said hearing. respondent knowingly and intelligently waives his rights to a hearing, reconsideration, appeal, and to any and all other rights which may be accorded him pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act of the charges contained in accusation number D-2019 subject, however, to the provisions of paragraph 7 herein.
- 4. At all times herein mentioned, Quaalude, the brand name for Methaqualone, was a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211 of the Business and Professions Code, and a controlled substance within the meaning of section 11056

(Schedule III) of the Health and Safety Code; Doriden, the brand 1 name for Glutethimide, was a dangerous drug within the meaning 2 of section 4211 of the Business and Professions Code and a 3 controlled substance within the meaning of section 11056 4 (Schedule III) of the Health and Safety Code; Dexedrine, the 5 brand name for Dextroamphetamine Sulfate, was a dangerous drug 6 within the meaning of section 4211 of the Business and Professions 7 Code and a controlled substance within the meaning of section 8 11055 (Schedule II) of the Health and Safety Code; Ritalin, the 9 brand name for Methylphenidate Hydrochloride, was a dangerous 10 drug within the meaning of section 4211 of the Business and 11 Professions Code and a controlled substance within the meaning 12 of section 11055 (Schedule II) of the Health and Safety Code; 13 Seconal, the brand name for Secobarbital, was a dangerous drug 14 within the meaning of section 4211 of the Business and Professions 15 Code and a controlled substance within the meaning of 16 section 11056 (Schedule III) of the Health and Safety Code; 17 Biphetamine, the brand name for a combination of Amphetamine 18 and Dextroamphetamine, was a dangerous drug within the meaning 19 of section 4211 of the Business and Professions Code and a 20 controlled substance within the meaning of section 11055 21 (Schedule II) of the Health and Safety Code; Empirin with 22 Codeine was a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211 23 of the Business and Professions Code and a controlled substance 24 within the meaning of section 11056 (Schedule III) of the 25 Health and Safety Code. 26

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5. A. On or about November 15, 1976, respondent, at his office in Santa Maria, California, prescribed 50 Quaalude, 300 mg., for a Michael Richardson without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor. Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.

- B. On or about November 16, 1976, respondent, at his office in Santa Maria, California, prescribed 30 Doriden, .5 mg., and 30 Dexedrine, 50 mg., for a Remover Provided without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor. Respondent received \$55 for this office visit.
- C. On or about December 10, 1976, respondent, at his office in Santa Maria, California, prescribed 50 Quaalude, 300 mg., and 60 Ritalin, 20 mg., for Min R without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor.

 Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.
- D. On or about December 14, 1976, respondent, at his office in Santa Maria, California, prescribed 30 Dexedrine, 15 mg., and 30 Doriden, .5 mg., for Respondent a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor. Respondent received \$55 for this office visit.
- E. On or about December 14, 1976, respondent, at his office in Santa Maria, California, prescribed 30 Ritalin, 20 mg., and 30 Seconal, 100 mg., for James Para Without a good faith prior examination

and medical indication therefor. Respondent received \$55 for this office visit.

- F. On or about December 22, 1976, respondent, at his office in Santa Maria, California, prescribed 50 Quaalude, 30 mg., for Maria R without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor. Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.
- G. On or about January 12, 1977, respondent, at his office in Santa Maria, California, prescribed 30 Ritalin, 20 mg., and 30 Seconal, 100 mg., for January Personal without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor. Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.
- H. On or about January 12, 1977, respondent, at his office in Santa Maria, California, prescribed 30 Ritalin, 20 mg., for Santa Daw without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor. Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.
- I. On or about January 14, 1977, respondent, at his office in Santa Maria, California, prescribed 30 Doriden, .5 mg., and 30 Dexedrine for R

 Without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor. Respondent received \$30 for this office visit.
- J. On or about January 28, 1977, respondent, at his office office in Santa Maria, California,

prescribed 30 Quaalude, 300 mg., and 30 Biphetamine, 20 mg., for MCCCCC without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor.

Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.

K. On or about January 31, 1977, respondent, at his office in Santa Maria, California, prescribed 50 Quaalude, 300 mg., and 30 Biphetamine, 20 mg., for Maria Respondent a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor.

Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.

L. On or about March 4, 1977, respondent, at his office in Santa Maria, California, prescribed 19 Empirin with Codeine number 3, 30 Biphetamines, 20 mg., and 50 Quaalude, 30 mg., for M without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor.

M. On or about March 4, 1977, respondent, at his office in Santa Maria, California, prescribed 30 Quaalude, 30 mg., and 30 Biphetamine, 20 mg., for MCC without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor.

N. Each prescription for dangerous drugs written by respondent set forth in paragraphs A through M hereinabove was issued without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor and constitutes unprofessional conduct.

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- O. Each prescription for controlled substances written by respondent set forth in paragraphs A through M hereinabove was issued for a person who was not under respondent's treatment for a pathology or condition.
- 6. Pursuant to the facts admitted in paragraphs 5A through 50, inclusive, respondent admits that his physician's and surgeon's certificate is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to sections 2360 and 2361 of the Business and Professions Code in that he has violated section 2399.5 of the Business and Professions Code and section 2391.5 of said code in conjunction with section 11154 of the Health and Safety Code.
- 7. In the event that this stipulation, decision and order is not accepted and adopted by the Division of Medical Quality of the Board of Medical Quality Assurance of the State of California, the admissions and characterizations of law and fact made by all parties herein shall be null, void, and inadmissible in any proceeding involving the parties to it.

WHEREFORE, it is stipulated that the Division of Medical Quality of the Board of Medical Quality Assurance may issue the following order:

I. The physician's and surgeon's certificate issued to J. L. is hereby revoked, provided however that said revocation is stayed upon the following terms and conditions. Upon the effective date of this decision, respondent's physician's and surgeons certificate shall be suspended. Said certificate shall remain suspended until respondent satisfies the following conditions precedent:

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- A. No later than the effective date of this decision, respondent shall surrender his physician's and surgeon's certificate and shall not practice medicine subject to the following conditions:
 - (1) Within 60 days from the effective date of this decision, respondent, if he so requests, will be given an oral and clinical examination in his specialty of psychiatry by the Division of Medical Quality or its designees. If respondent passes said examination, the revocation of his certificate shall remain stayed subject to the conditions in paragraph II hereinbelow.
 - (2) If respondent does not pass the first examination, he will be entitled to two reexaminations within one year from the effective date of this decision. If he passes either of the reexaminations, the revocation of his certificate shall be stayed subject to the conditions in paragraph II hereinbelow.
 - (3) If within one year from the effective date of this decision respondent fails to pass an oral and clinical examination pursuant to the procedures set forth in paragraph IA(1) and IA(2) hereinabove, the stay of revocation shall be vacated and the revocation of his physician's and surgeon's certificate shall become final.

- II. If respondent passes one of the examinations as described in paragraph I hereinabove, the revocation of his certificate shall remain stayed and respondent shall be placed on seven years' probation upon the following terms and conditions:
 - A. Respondent shall not reapply for his federal narcotics permit within one year from the effective date of this decision. After one year from the effective date, respondent, prior to seeking restoration of said narcotics permit, must first petition the Division of Medical Quality for permission to apply for restoration of said narcotics permit. Only if the Division of Medical Quality approves such restoration shall respondent reapply for his narcotics permit. Restoration of said permit, if allowed, will be subject to any conditions that the Division of Medical Quality may elect to impose.
 - B. Respondent, within 90 days of the effective date of this decision, shall meet with a medical consultant of the Division of Medical Quality. Respondent shall meet with said consultant a maximum of four times a year.

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- C. Respondent shall comply with the probation surveillance program of the Division of Medical Quality.
- D. Respondent shall submit quarterly affidavits to the Division of Medical Quality or its designee stating whether respondent is in compliance with all terms and conditions of probation.
- E. Throughout the period of probation, respondent shall participate in a continuing education program, which shall consist of a minimum of 40 hours each year. Said program(s) shall be in a category I medical education program, shall commence no later than 90 days after he passes the oral and clinical examination and must be approved in advance by the Division of Medical Quality.
- F. If during the period of probation respondent resides or practices medicine outside of California, the probation shall be tolled during such periods.
- G. Respondent shall obey all laws and regulations pertaining to the practice of medicine.
- H. Upon full compliance by respondent with all the terms and conditions hereof and the expiration of probation, the stay shall become permanent, provided, however, that upon respondent's violation or failure to comply with any of the terms

and conditions of this stay, the Division of Medical Quality, after notice and opportunity to be heard is given to said respondent, may in the exercise of its discretion vacate the stay and reimpose the revocation, or take such other action as it deems appropriate.

EVELLE J. YOUNGER, Attorney General STEVEN M. KAHN,

Deputy Attorney General

DATED: December 8 1977.

STEVEN M. KAHN

Deputy Attorney General

Attorneys for Complainant

DATED: DAL 22, 1947.

WESTWICK AND COLLISON

BRIAN H. BURKE, Esq.

Attorneys for Jerome V. Lubin

I HAVE READ the stipulation, decision, and order.

I understand I have the right to a hearing on the charges contained in the accusation, the right to cross-examine witnesses, and the right to introduce evidence in mitigation.

I have discussed the charges contained in the accusation with my counsel and my rights to hearing and defense. I knowingly and intelligently waive these rights and agree to be bound by the terms of the stipulation, decision, and order.

DATED: 12 27 .77.

JEROME V. LUBIN, M.D. Respondent

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1	DECISION AND ORDER
2	The foregoing is adopted as the Decision of the
3	Division of Medical Quality of the Board of Medical Quality
4	Assurance in this matter and shall become effective on the
5	3rd day of APRIL , 1978.
6	IT IS SO ORDERED this 3rd day of $MARCH$, $19_{\overline{78}}$
7	DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY BOARD OF MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE
8	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA
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11	MICHAEL CARELLA
12	Secretary-Treasurer
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COURT PAPER STATE OF CALIFORNIA STD. 113 (REV. 8-72)

SMK:dt 12/8/77

1 EVELLE J. YOUNGER, Attorney General STEVEN M. KAHN, 2 Deputy Attorney General 3580 Wilshire Boulevard Los Angeles, California 90010 Telephone: (213) 736-2047 3 4

Attorneys for Complainant

BEFORE THE DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY BOARD OF MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

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In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

NO. D-2019

JEROME V. LUBIN, M.D. License No. C-12719,

ACCUSATION

Respondent.

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COMES NOW JOSEPH P. COSENTINO, M.D., the complainant herein, and alleges as follows:

- 1. At the time of executing and filing the within pleading, the complainant was, and now is, the Acting Executive Director of the Board of Medical Quality Assurance of the State of California (hereinafter the Board) and performs such action in his official capacity as such and not otherwise.
- 2. At all times herein mentioned, respondent, Jerome V. Lubin, M.D. (hereinafter the respondent) has been licensed as a physician and surgeon in the State of California.
- 3. Pursuant to sections 2360 and 2361 of the Business and Professions Code, the Division of Medical Quality of the Board of Medical Quality Assurance shall take action against a holder of a physician's and surgeon's certificate who is guilty of unprofessional conduct.

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5. At all times herein mentioned, Quaalude, the brand name for methaqualone, was a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211 of the Business and Professions Code, and a controlled substance within the meaning of section 110056 (Schedule III) of the Health and Safety Code; Doriden, the brand name for glutethimide was a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211 of the Business and Professions Code and a controlled substance within the meaning of section 11056 (Schedule III) of the Health and Safety Code; Dexedrine, the brand name for dextroamphetamine sulfate, was a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211 of the Business and Professions Code and a controlled substance within the meaning of section 11055 (Schedule II) of the Health and Safety Code; Ritalin, the brand name for methylphenidate hydrochloride was a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211 of the Business and Professions Code and a controlled substance within the meaning of section 11055 (Schedule II) of the Health and Safety Code; Seconal, the brand name for secobarbital, was a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211 of the Business and Professions Code and a controlled substance within the meaning of section 11056 (Schedule III) of the Health and Safety Code; Biphetamine, the brand name for a combination of amphetamine and dextroamphetamine, was a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211 of the Business and Professions Code and a controlled substance within the meaning of section 11055 (Schedule II)

of the Health and Safety Code; Empirin with Codeine was a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211 of the Business and Professions Code and a controlled substance within the meaning of section 11056 (Schedule III) of the Health and Safety Code.

- 6. Respondent Jerome Lubin is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to sections 2360 and 2361 of the Business and Professions Code in that he is guilty of unprofessional conduct within the meaning of section 2399.5 of the Business and Professions Code as more particularly alleged hereinafter:
 - A. On or about November 15, 1976, a person from the Bureau of Narcotic Enforcement using the name M R went to respondent's office in Santa Maria, and without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor, respondent prescribed 50 Quaalude, 300 mg. for said person.

 Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.
 - B. On or about November 16, 1976, R

 Went to respondent's office in Santa Maria,
 and without a good faith prior examination and medical
 indication therefor, respondent prescribed 30 Doriden
 .5 mg., and 30 Dexedrine, 50 mg. for Mr. Park.
 Respondent received \$55 for this office visit.
 - C. On or about December 10, 1976, the same person described in subparagraph A hereinabove giving the name M R went to respondent's office in Santa Maria, and without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor, respondent prescribed 50 Quaalude, 300 mg., and 60 Ritalin, 20 mg. for said person. Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.

D. On or about December 14, 1976, Ronald Park went to respondent's office in Santa Maria, and without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor, respondent prescribed 30 Dexedrin, 15 mg. and 30 Doriden, .5 mg. for Mr. P Respondent received \$55 for this office visit.

E. On or about December 14, 1976, a person from the Department of Consumer Affairs giving the name J P went to respondent's office in Santa Maria, and without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor, respondent prescribed 30 Ritalin, 20 mg. and 30 Seconal, 100 mg. for Mr. P Respondent received \$55 for this office visit.

F. On or about December 17, 1976, the same person described in subparagraph A hereinabove giving the name M R went to respondent's office in Santa Maria, and on or about December 22, 1976, without a good faith prior examination and medical indication on either December 17, 1976, or December 22, 1976, respondent prescribed 50 Quaalude, 30 mg. for this person. Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.

G. On or about January 12, 1977, the person described hereinabove in subparagraph E giving the name J P went to respondent's office in Santa Maria, and without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor, respondent prescribed 30 Ritalin, 20 mg., and 30 Seconal, 100 mg. for said person. Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.

H. On or about January 12, 1977, Sharon Dalton went to respondent's office in Santa Maria, and without

a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor, respondent prescribed 30 Ritalin, 20 mg. for Ms. Dane. Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.

- I. On or about January 14, 1977, Ronald Park went to respondent's office in Santa Maria, and without a good faith prior examination or medical indication therefor, respondent prescribed 30 Doriden .5 mg., and 30 Dexedrine for Mr. P. Respondent received \$30 for this office visit.
- J. On or about January 28, 1977, a person from the Bureau of Narcotic Enforcement using the name MCC went to respondent's office in Santa Maria, and without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor, respondent prescribed 30 Quaalude, 300 mg., and 30 Biphetamine, 20 mg. for said person. Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.
- K. On or about January 31, 1977, the person described in subparagraph A hereinabove giving the name M went to respondent's office in Santa Maria, and without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor, respondent prescribed 50 Quaalude, 300 mg., and 30 Biphetamine, 20 mg. for said person. Respondent received \$35 for this office visit.
- L. On or about March 4, 1977, the person described in subparagraph A hereinabove giving the name Merch Remark went to respondent's office in Santa Maria, and without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor, respondent prescribed 19 Empirin with Codeine No. 3, 30 Biphetamines, 20 mg.,

and 50 Quaalude, 30 mg. for said person.

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M. On or about March 4, 1977, the same person described in paragraph J hereinabove using the name M C went to respondent's office in Santa Maria, and without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor, respondent prescribed 30 Quaalude, 30 mg., and 30 Biphetamine, 20 mg. for said person.

- N. Each prescription for dangerous drugs by respondent set forth in subparagraphs A through M, hereinabove was without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor and constitutes unprofessional conduct.
- 7. At all times herein mentioned, section 2391.5 of the Business and Professions Code provided, in part, that a violation of any of the statutes or rules or regulations of the State of California relating to narcotics or dangerous drugs or controlled substances constitutes unprofessional conduct.
- 8. At all times herein mentioned, section 11154 of the Health and Safety Code provided, in part, that except in the regular practice of his profession, no person shall prescribe a controlled substance to or for any person who is not under his treatment for a pathology or condition other than addiction to a controlled substance, except as provided in Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code.
- 9. Respondent is subject to discipline pursuant to sections 2360 and 2361 of the Business and Professions Code in that he has violated statutes of the State of California regulating narcotics, dangerous drugs, and controlled substances, to wit, section 11154 of the Health and Safety Code, as more

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- A. Subparagraphs 6A through 6M hereinabove are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth at this point.
- B. That in each of the instances described in paragraph 9A hereinabove, respondent prescribed controlled substances for a person who was not under his treatment for a pathology or condition.
- 10. At all times herein mentioned, section 2361(e) of the Business and Professions Code provided that the commission of any act involving dishonesty or corruption constitutes grounds for disciplinary action.
- 11. Respondent is further subject to disciplinary action pursuant to sections 2360 and 2361 of the Business and Professions Code in that he has committed acts involving dishonesty or corruption in violation of section 2361(e) of said Code as more particularly alleged hereinafter:
 - A. Subparagraphs 6A through 6M hereinabove are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth at this point.
 - B. In each of the instances set forth in subparagraph 11A hereinabove, respondent knew that the persons requesting said drugs had no medical indication or pathology which required such drugs and notwithstanding this, respondent prescribed drugs as set forth hereinabove and collected fees for such services. conduct constitutes dishonesty and corruption.
- 12. Respondent is further subject to disciplinary action pursuant to sections 2360 and 2361 of the Business and Professions Code in that he has committed additional acts involving moral turpitude, dishonesty or corruption in violation

7.

of section 2361(e) of said Code as more particularly alleged hereinafter:

A. During the period from on or about November 1971 through on or about March 28, 1975, respondent signed and consequently submitted to California Blue Shield, the fiscal intermediary for the California Medical Assistance Program (Medi-Cal), claims requesting payment for treatment of Williams Wells for the following dates: 11-4-71, 12-6-71, 1-14-72, 2-18-72, 3-17-72, 4-14-72, 5-10-72, 9-12-72, 10-10-72, 11-9-72, 12-11-72, 1-11-73, 2-12-73, 4-10-73, 5-15-73, 6-11-73, 7-10-73, 8-17-73, 9-18-73, 10-18-73, 3-11-74, 5-28-74, 6-25-74, 7-17-74, 8-20-74, 9-10-74, 10-11-74, 11-7-74, 12-5-74, 1-6-75, 2-6-75, and 3-28-75.

B. For each claim submitted by respondent for payment to California Blue Shield for the services rendered for patient W on the dates set forth hereinabove, respondent answered "No" on said claim to the question as to whether there was any other group hospital or medical coverage covering said patient and that said answer was certified by respondent to be true, accurate and complete.

the nonexistence of any other medical coverage for patient W in each of the above instances were false, and respondent knew that such statements were false, in that at or near the time he submitted claims to California Blue Shield, he also submitted bills for the same services to the Veteran's Administration for patient W W , and that

 respondent received payments from both California
Blue Shield and the Veteran's Administration for the
treatment provided Mr. W

Date of Service

D. That some of the claims or bills submitted by respondent to the Veteran's Administration indicating dates of service for patient W were different from the dates of service set forth in the claims submitted to California Blue Shield as indicated hereinbelow:

California Blue Shield	Veteran's Administration
6-25-74	6-26-74
7-17-74	7-17-74
	7-23-74
10-11-74	10-10-74
<u></u>	1-1-75
1-6-75	1-6-75

Date of Service

- E. That the dates of service indicated in paragraph 11D hereinabove either to California Blue Shield or to the Veteran's Administration were false, in that within those months, respondent saw Mr. Wonly once per month.
- F. Respondent's conduct in falsifying or omitting information to California Blue Shield, in billing twice for the same services rendered to patient W and for billing for dates in which no services were rendered, constitutes moral turpitude, dishonesty and corruption.
- 13. Respondent is further subject to disciplinary action pursuant to sections 2360 and 2361 of the Business and Professions Code in that he has further violated section 2361(e) of said Code by committing acts constituting moral turpitude,

dishonesty or corruption, as more particularly alleged hereinafter:

A. On or about November 1, 1972, respondent prepared and subsequently submitted a claim to California Blue Shield indicating that on or about October 26, 1972, he had rendered psychotherapy to Sally Estrada for adjustment reaction of adolescence.

- B. On or about November 1, 1972, respondent prepared and subsequently submitted a claim to California Blue Shield indicating that on or about October 9, 1972, he had rendered psychotherapy to REFER For adjustment reaction of adolescence.
- C. On or about November 1, 1972, respondent prepared and subsequently submitted a claim to California Blue Shield indicating that on or about October 25, 1972, he had rendered psychotherapy to R for adjustment reaction of adolescence.
- D. On or about November 1, 1972, respondent prepared and subsequently submitted a claim to California Blue Shield indicating that on or about October 23, 1972, he had rendered psychotherapy to California Blue for adjustment reaction of childhood.
- E. On or about November 1, 1972, respondent prepared and subsequently submitted a claim to California Blue Shield indicating that on or about October 26, 1972, he had rendered psychotherapy to Jeep for anxiety reaction.
- F. Each of the claims alleged in subparagraphs

 13A through 13E hereinabove were false in that in or
 about October 1972, respondent, on one day only, had
 given flu vaccine to State Edward, Respondent, and Jennese Edward.

GMK:gn)3573101-31 ,A77AD0631 and at no time did he perform any psychotherapy for said persons.

- 14. At all times mentioned herein, section 2411 of the Business and Professions Code provided that knowingly making or signing any certificate or document directly or indirectly related to the practice of medicine which falsely represents the existence or nonexistence of a state of facts constitutes unprofessional conduct.
- 15. Respondent is subject to discipline pursuant to sections 2360 and 2361 of the Business and Professions Code in that he is guilty of unprofessional conduct within the meaning of section 2411 of said Code as more particularly alleged hereinafter:
 - A. Subparagraphs 13A through 13E hereinabove are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth at this point.

WHEREFORE, Complainant prays that the Division of Medical Quality Assurance hold a hearing on the matters alleged herein, and following said hearing take such action as is provided in section 2372 of the Business and Professions Code, and take such other and further action as may be proper.

DATED: JUNE 6, 1977

JOSEPH P. COSENTINO, M.D.

Acting Executive Director

Board of Medical Quality Assurance

Complainant